

Lipid-Associated Sialic Acid) – a prognostic factor in the study of cutaneous melanoma

Ilinca Nicolae, Maria Grigore, Cecilia Thomescu, A. Ganea

Summary

Diagnosis of injury which performs an increased malignant potential, establishing of malignant tumoral stade, the evolutionary and gradual statement of patients with melanoma represent major objectives in medical research. The present article exhibits a model to study LASA (Lipid-Associated Sialic Acid) with Folch method. The interpretation of data resulted from LASA analysis which are colligated with clinical, histopathological and immunohistochemical information would allow to elaborate a prognostical model that could ensure a real assesement of evolutionary trends at patients with cancer.

Key words: LASA, cutaneous melanoma.